

Approval body for construction products  
and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and  
Laender Governments



## European Technical Assessment

ETA-17/0513  
of 27 October 2017

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

### General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the  
European Technical Assessment:

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Trade name of the construction product

SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

Product family  
to which the construction product belongs

Injection system for post-installed rebar connections

Manufacturer

SPIT  
Route de Lyon  
26500 BOURG-LÉS-VALENCE  
FRANKREICH

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment  
contains

20 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part  
of this assessment

This European Technical Assessment is  
issued in accordance with Regulation (EU)  
No 305/2011, on the basis of

EAD 330087-00-0601

The European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and shall be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may only be made with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction shall be identified as such.

This European Technical Assessment may be withdrawn by the issuing Technical Assessment Body, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission in accordance with Article 25(3) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.

**Specific Part**

**1 Technical description of the product**

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the injection mortar "SPIT VIPER XTREM" or "SPIT VIPER XTREM TR" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Ribbed reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter  $\phi$  from 8 to 32 mm according to Annex A and the injection mortar "SPIT VIPER XTREM" or "SPIT VIPER XTREM TR" are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

**2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document**

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the post-installed rebar connection of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

**3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment**

**3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)**

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C1 – C3

**3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)**

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	The post-installed rebar connection satisfies requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C4

**4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base**

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1

**5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document**

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 27 October 2017 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dr.-Ing. Lars Eckfeldt  
p. p. Head of Department

*beglaubigt:*  
Lange

## Injection mortar

Injection mortar SPIT VIPER XTREM 280 ml, 410 ml and 825 ml:

Vinylester adhesive two components



## Marking

Trade name

**VIPER XTREM** – Regular version

**VIPER XTREM TR** – Tropical version

Identifying mark of the producer **SPIT**

Expire date

Curing and processing time

Charge code number

## Static mixer

Turbo mixing nozzle



Standard Quadro mixing nozzle



High flow mixing nozzle



Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

**Product description**

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM

Annex A1

**Figure A6: Ribbed reinforcing bar (rebar):**



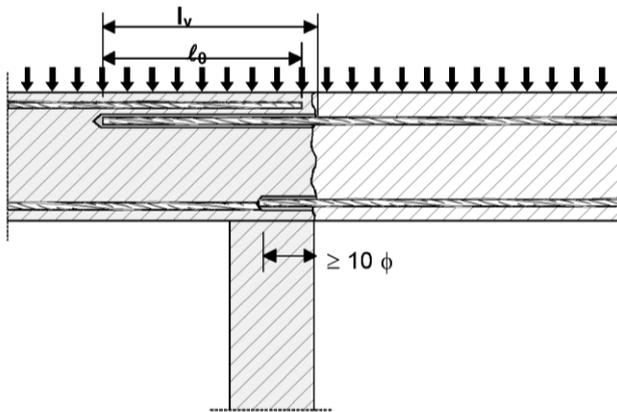
**Properties of the ribbed reinforcing bar (rebar):**

- Rebar according to EN 1992-1-1:2004 Annex C
- Bars or de-coiled rods class B or C
- Nominal diameter  $\phi$ : 8 to 32 mm
- Rib height  $h$  in the range of  $0,05 \phi \leq h \leq 0,07 \phi$
- Yield strength  $f_{yk}$  according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA
- Ultimate strength  $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$

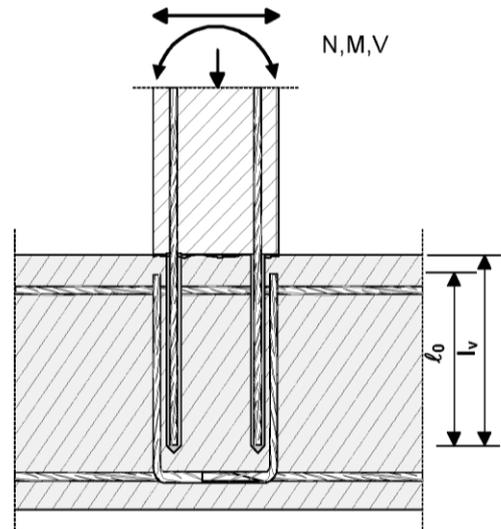
Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

Product description  
Specification rebar

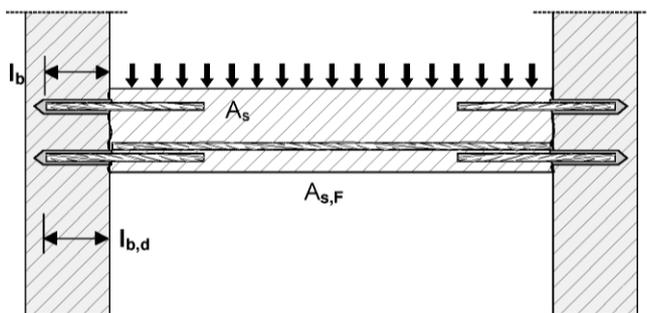
Annex A2



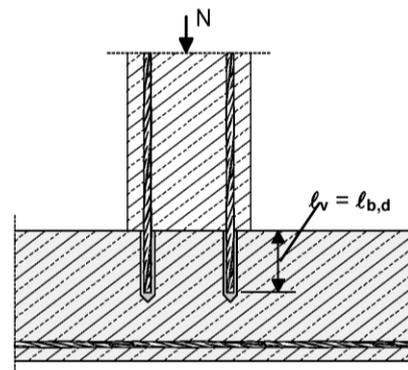
**Figure A1:** Overlap joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams



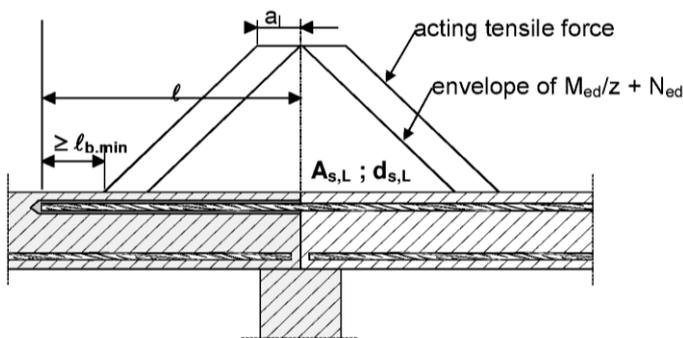
**Figure A2:** Overlap joint at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebar is stressed in tension



**Figure A3:** End anchoring of slabs or beams, designed as simply supported



**Figure A4:** Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebar is stressed in compression



**Figure A5:** Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line of acting tensile force

**Note to Figure A1 to A5:**

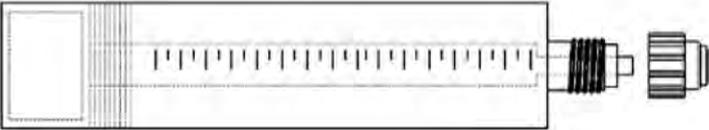
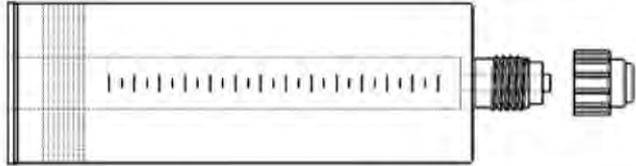
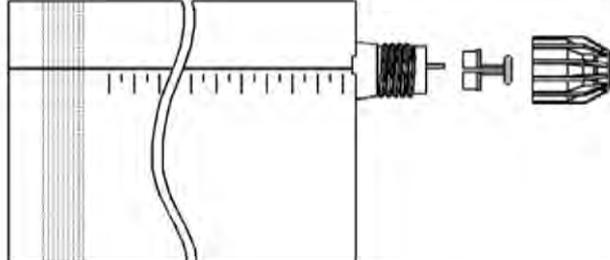
- In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement as required by EN 1992-1-1 shall be present.
- Preparing of joints according to Annex B2

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

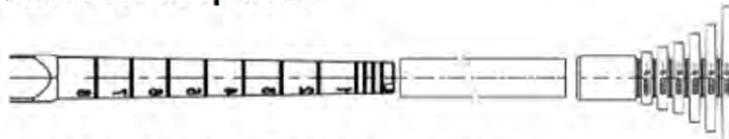
Product description  
Specification rebar

Annex A3

### Cartridges

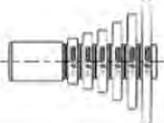
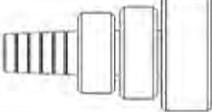
280 ml coaxiale cartridge	
410 ml coaxiale cartridge	
825 ml side by side cartridge	

### Injection accessories for deep hole



Plastic extension must be use for hole deeper  $h_0 > 250$  mm

Piston plug for hole deeper must be use for hole deeper  $h_0 > 350$  mm

Cartridge volume	Mixing Nozzle	Extension for piston plug	Piston plug
All cartridges	Turbo or Standard Quadro	Ø13x1000	
Cartridge 825 ml	High flow	Ø20x1000	

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

**Product description**  
Cartridges  
Injection accessories for deep hole

**Annex A4**

## Specifications of intended use

### Anchorage subject to:

- Static and quasi static loading
- Fire exposure

### Base material:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C 20/25 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40 % (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000
- Non-carbonated concrete

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of  $\phi + 60$  mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

### Temperature range:

- -40°C to +80°C: max short term temperature +80°C, max long term temperature +50°C

### Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design under static or quasi-static loading in accordance with EN 1992-1-1 and Annex B2
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

### Installation:

- Drilling technique:
  - Hammer drilling technique
  - Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit XTD
  - Compressed air drilling
  - Diamond drilling technique with roughening tool
- Use category:
  - dry or wet concrete (not in flooded holes) for Hammer drilling technique, compressed air drilling and diamond drilling technique with roughening tool
  - Only dry concrete for hammer drilling with hollow drill bit XTD
  - Installation direction downwards, horizontal and overhead
- The installation of post-installed rebar resp. tension anchors shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

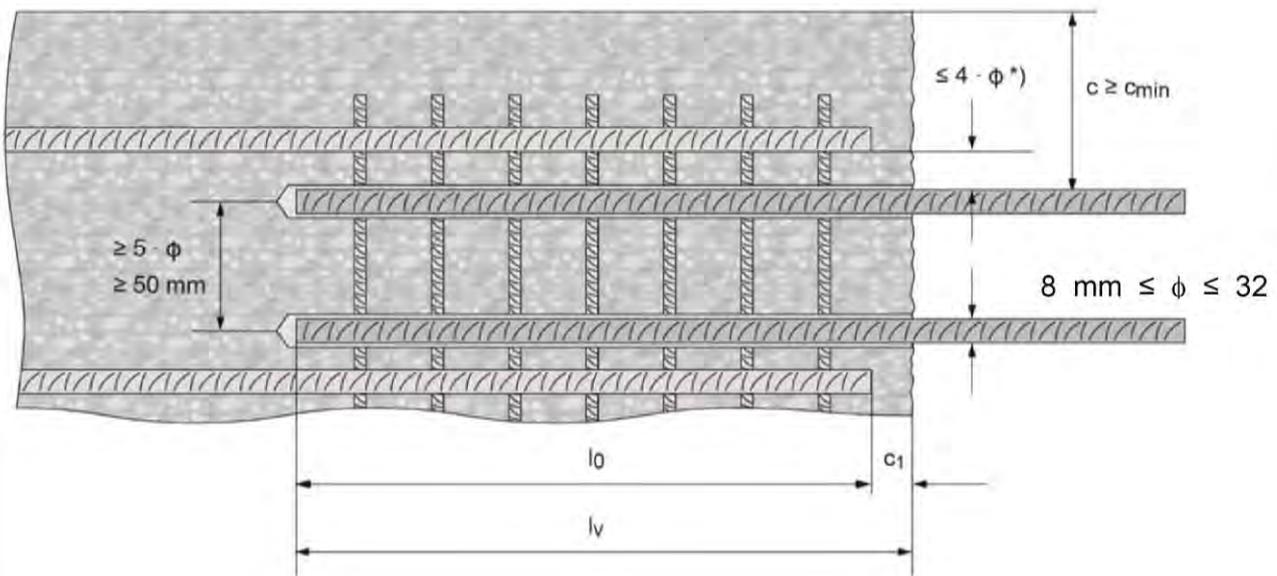
Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

Intended Use  
Specifications

Annex B1

**Figure B1: Construction rules for post-installed rebars**

- Post-installed rebar may be designed for tension forces only.
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



\*) If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds  $4 \cdot \phi$ , then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and  $4 \cdot \phi$

- $c$ : concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- $c_1$ : concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- $c_{min}$ : minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004 AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- $\phi$ : diameter of post-installed rebar
- $l_0$ : lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- $l_v$ : effective embedment depth  $\geq l_0 + c_1$
- $d_0$  nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B3
- Minimum spacing between two post-installed bars  $a = 50 \text{ mm} \geq 5\phi$

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

Intended used

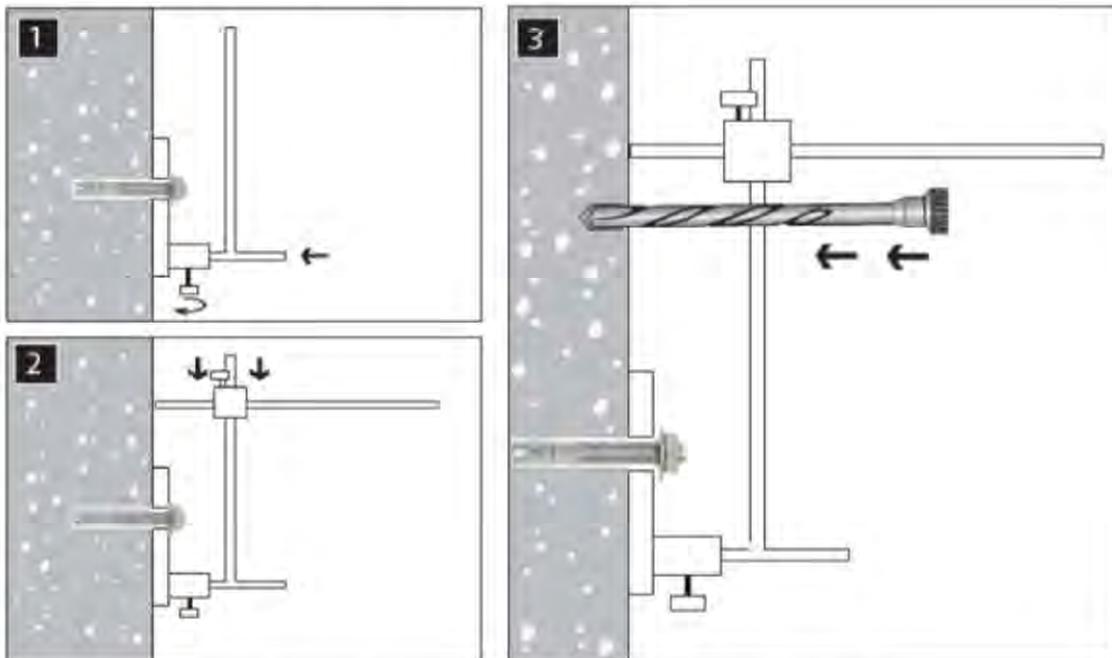
General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Annex B2

**Table B1: Minimum concrete cover  $c_{min}$  of post-installed rebar**

Drilling method	Bar diameter $\phi$	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid
Hammer drilling	< 25 mm	$30 + 0,06 l_v \geq 2\phi$	$30 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$
	$\geq 25$ mm	$40 + 0,06 l_v \geq 2\phi$	$40 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$
Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit XTD	< 25 mm	$30 + 0,06 l_v \geq 2\phi$	$30 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$
	$\geq 25$ mm	$40 + 0,06 l_v \geq 2\phi$	$40 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$
Compressed air drilling	< 25 mm	$50 + 0,08 l_v \geq 2\phi$	$50 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$
	$\geq 25$ mm	$60 + 0,08 l_v \geq 2\phi$	$60 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$
Diamond core drilling	< 25 mm	Drill stand is used as drilling aid	$30 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$
	$\geq 25$ mm		$40 + 0,02 l_v \geq 2\phi$

**Figure B2: Drilling aid system**



Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

Intended used  
Minimum concrete cover  $c_{min}$

Annex B3

**Table B2: Maximum embedment depth  $l_{v,max}$  depending on bar diameter and dispenser**

Rebar diameter $\phi$ [mm]	Maximum embedment length $l_{v,max}$ [mm]		
	Manuel Dispenser	Pneumatic Dispenser	
	280 ml 410 ml 825 ml	410 ml	825 ml
8	500	600	900
10			
12			
16			
20			
25			
28			
32			

**Table B3: Installation parameters**

Rebar diameter $\phi$ [mm]	Nominal drilling diameter $d_{cut}$ [mm]			
	Hammer drilling	Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit XTD <sup>1)</sup>	Diamond core	Diamond core and roughening drill bit
8	10	-	-	-
10	12	-	-	-
12	15	16	16	-
16	20	20	-	20
20	25	25	-	25
25	30	30	-	30
28	35	-	-	35
32	40	-	-	40

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum working length: 600 mm

**Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR**

**Intended used**

Maximum embedment depth  $l_{v,max}$

Installation parameters

**Annex B4**

**Table B4: Parameters for use of Roughening tool**

Diamond coring $d_{cut}$ [mm]	Roughening tool <sup>1)</sup> $d_{cut}$ [mm]
20	20
25	25
30	30
35	35
40	40

<sup>1)</sup> For checking the wear of roughening drill bit, a wear gauge is delivered with each roughening tool

**Table B5: Dimensions of the cleaning tools for reinforcing bars (rebars)**

Dimensions	Nominal diameter of the reinforcing bars (rebars)								
	$\phi 8$	$\phi 10$	$\phi 12$	$\phi 14$	$\phi 16$	$\phi 20$	$\phi 25$	$\phi 28$	$\phi 32$
$\emptyset$ Brush [mm] <sup>1)</sup> 	11	13	16	20	22	26	32	37	42
$\emptyset$ Plastic extension for compress air	6	9	9	13	13	13	13/20	13/20	13/20

<sup>1)</sup> The diameter of the round steel brush shall be checked before use. The minimum brush diameter has to be at least equal to the borehole diameter  $d_0$ . The round steel brush shall produce natural resistance as it enters the drill hole. If this is not the case, please use a new brush or a brush with a larger diameter.

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

**Intended used**

Parameters for using of roughening drill bit  
Dimensions of cleaning tools

**Annex B5**

**Table B6: Gel time and curing time for Regular Version**

Temperature of base material	Working time	Curing time
-10°C to -5°C	90 min	24 h
-4°C to 0°C	50 min	240 min
1°C to 5°C	25 min	120 min
6°C to 10°C	15 min	90 min
11°C to 20°C	7 min	60 min
21°C to 30°C	4 min	45 min
31°C to 40°C	2 min	30 min

**Table B7: Gel time and curing time for Tropical Version:**

Temperature of base material	Working time	Curing time
+ 5°C	60 min	240 min
6°C to 10°C	40 min	180 min
11°C to 20°C	15 min	120 min
21°C to 30°C	8 min	60 min
31°C to 40°C	4 min	60 min

**Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR**

**Product description**

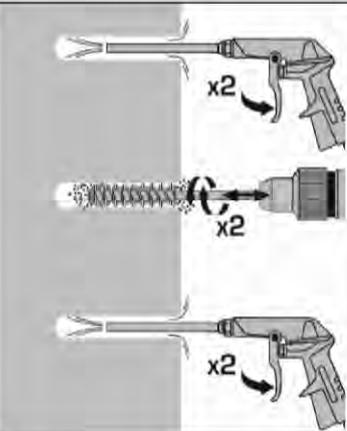
Minimum curing time and maximum working time

**Annex B6**

**Drilling the hole:**

	Rotary hammer drilling or compressed air drilling
	Electrical hammer drilling with XTD hollow drill bit used in relation with the SPIT AC 1625 vacuum or the type. This drilling technique allows for cleaning the hole from the dust debris while operating drilling. No further cleaning is then required before injecting resin.
	Diamond core drilling The roughening tool must be used for core diameter higher than 20 mm.

**Cleaning the hole:**

<b>Hammer drilling technique</b>	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Using compress air cleaning (min 6 bars), use the appropriate extension, starting from the top of the hole blow out at least 2 times by moving downward to the bottom of the hole then moving upward to the top of the hole and until no dust is evacuated. (not less than 10s per each blowing).</li> <li>Using the relevant brush and extension fitted on a Spit drilling machine, starting from the top of the hole, move downward to the bottom of the hole then move upward to the top of the hole. Repeat this operation.</li> <li>Using compress air cleaning (min 6 bars), use the appropriate extension, starting from the top of the hole blow out at least 2 times by moving downward to the bottom of the hole then moving upward to the top of the hole and until no dust is evacuated. (not less than 10s per each blowing).</li> </ol>
<b>Hammer drilling technique</b>	
Electrical hammer drilling with XTD hollow drill bit used in relation with the SPIT AC 1625 vacuum or the type. This drilling technique allows for cleaning the hole from the dust debris while operating drilling. No further cleaning is then required before injecting resin.	
<b>Diamond core drilling technique</b>	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For core diameter higher than 20 mm, remove water in the hole and use the roughening drill bit before applying cleaning procedure</li> <li>Clean the hole with tap water.</li> <li>Using the relevant brush and extension fitted on a Spit drilling machine, starting from the top of the hole, move downward to the bottom of the hole then move upward to the top of the hole. Repeat this operation.</li> <li>Clean the hole with tap water</li> <li>Using compress air cleaning (mini 6 bars), use the appropriate extension, starting from the top of the hole blow out at least 2 times by moving downward to the bottom of the hole then moving upward to the top of the hole and until no dust is evacuated. (not less than 10s per each blowing).</li> </ol>

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

Product description  
Installation instruction

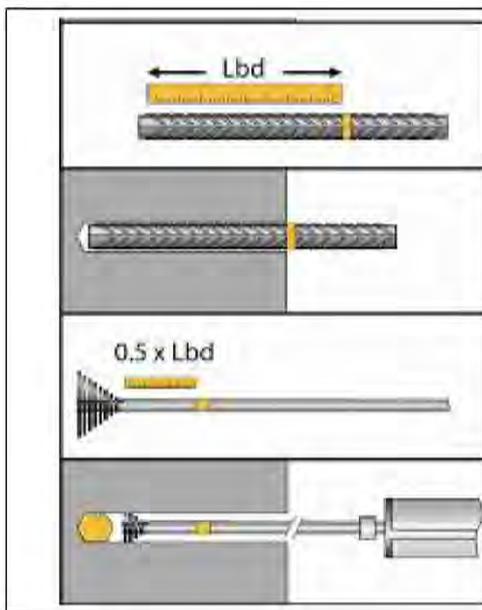
Annex B7

### **Safety precaution:**

The safety data sheet must be read before using the product and the safety instructions followed.

- Storage temperature of cartridge +0°C à +35°C
- Cartridge temperature at time of installation: Must be  $\geq +5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Base material temperature at time of installation: Must be between  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Check the date of expiry of the cartridge

### **Dispensing into the hole:**



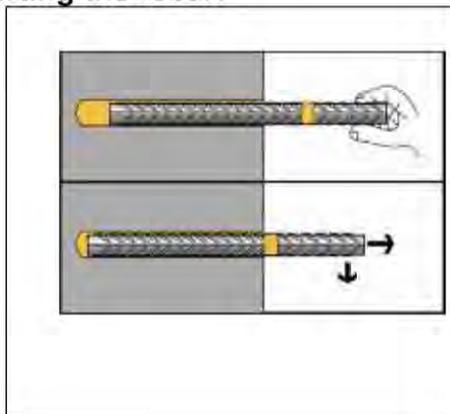
1. Put the anchorage depth mark on the rebar

2. Check the anchorage depth

3. Cut the piston plug at the relevant diameter. The volume of resin that need to be injected in the hole must be indicated on the mixing nozzle or its extension. The marking must be placed at 0.5 time the anchorage depth.

4. Dispense the first part to waste until an even colour is achieved ( $\approx 20\text{cm}$ ). Insert the nozzle to the far end of the hole, and inject the resin, withdrawing the nozzle as the hole fills in order to avoid trapping air bubbles. Fill the hole until the mark appear. For pneumatic dispenser with 410 ml cartridge, the maximum pressure is 6 bars.

### **Inserting the rebar:**



1. Immediately insert the rebar, slowly and with a slight twisting motion. Remove excess resin from around the mouth of the hole before it sets. Control the embedment depth during the working time (See Annex B6 Table B6 or B7) which varies according to temperature of base material.

2. Leave the rebar undisturbed until the curing time has elapse. (See Annex B6 Table B6 or B7).

**Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR**

**Product description**  
Installation instruction

**Annex B8**

**Table C1: Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  for Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling**

The minimum anchorage length  $l_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $l_{0,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiplied by the relevant amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  given in Table C1.

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 8$	1,0								1,1
$\phi 10$	1,0							1,1	1,2
$\phi 12$	1,0							1,1	1,2
$\phi 14$	1,0			1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,2
$\phi 16$	1,0		1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,2	1,3
$\phi 20$	1,0	1,1	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,3
$\phi 25$	1,1	1,1	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,4	1,4
$\phi 28$	1,1	1,2	1,3	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4
$\phi 32$	1,1	1,2	1,4	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5

**Table C2: Bond efficiency value  $k_b$  for Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling**

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 8-\phi 32$	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0

**Table C3: Design values of the ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd}$ <sup>1)</sup> in N/mm<sup>2</sup> for Hammer drilling and compressed air drilling**

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 8-\phi 32$	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3

<sup>1)</sup> According to EN 1992-1-1 for good bond conditions. For all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0,7.

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

**Performance**

Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length, Bond efficiency value  $k_b$  and Design values of ultimate bond resistance  $f_{bd}$

**Annex C1**

**Table C4: Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  for Hammer drilling with XTD hollow drill bit**

The minimum anchorage length  $l_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $l_{0,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiplied by the relevant amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  given in Table C1.

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 12-\phi 25$	1,5								

**Table C5: Bond efficiency value  $k_b$  for Hammer drilling with XTD hollow drill bit**

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 12-\phi 25$	1,0								

**Table C6: Design values of the ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd}$ <sup>1)</sup> in N/mm<sup>2</sup> for Hammer drilling with XTD hollow drill bit**

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 12-\phi 25$	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3

<sup>1)</sup> According to EN 1992-1-1 for good bond conditions. For all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0,7.

Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

**Performance**

Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length  
Bond efficiency value  $k_b$  and Design values of ultimate bond resistance  $f_{bd}$

**Annex C2**

**Table C7: Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  for Diamond drilling**

The minimum anchorage length  $l_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $l_{0,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiplied by the relevant amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  given in Table C1.

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 12$	1,0							1,1	1,2
$\phi 14$									
$\phi 16$									
$\phi 20$								1,1	
$\phi 25$									
$\phi 28$								1,0	
$\phi 32$									1,0

**Table C7: Bond efficiency value  $k_b$  for Diamond drilling**

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
$\phi 12-\phi 20$	1,0								
$\phi 25$	1,0								0,9
$\phi 28$	1,0							0,9	0,9
$\phi 32$	1,0						0,9	0,8	0,9

**Table C8: Design values of the ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd}$ <sup>1)</sup> in N/mm<sup>2</sup> for Diamond drilling**

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class												
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60				
$\phi 12-\phi 20$	1,6						2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,3
$\phi 25$													4,0
$\phi 28$													3,7
$\phi 32$													3,4

<sup>1)</sup> According to EN 1992-1-1 for good bond conditions. For all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0,7.

**Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR**

**Performance**

Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length  
Bond efficiency value  $k_b$  and Design values of ultimate bond resistance  $f_{bd}$

**Annex C3**

### Design value of ultimate bond stress in case of fire $f_{b,fi}$ [N/mm<sup>2</sup>] for concrete strength classes C12/15 to C50/60

The design value of bond strength under fire exposure  $f_{b,fi}$  shall be calculated by the following equation:

$$f_{b,fi} = k_{b,fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd} \cdot \gamma_c / \gamma_{M,fi}$$

where

$$\theta < 281 \text{ °C: } k_{b,fi}(\theta) = \min \{1,0; 23,755 e^{-0,011 \cdot \theta} / (f_{bd} \cdot 4,3)\}$$

$$\theta > 281 \text{ °C: } k_{b,fi} = 0$$

$f_{b,fi}$  Design value of ultimate bond stress in case of fire

$k_{b,fi}(\theta)$  Reduction factor according to Figure C1

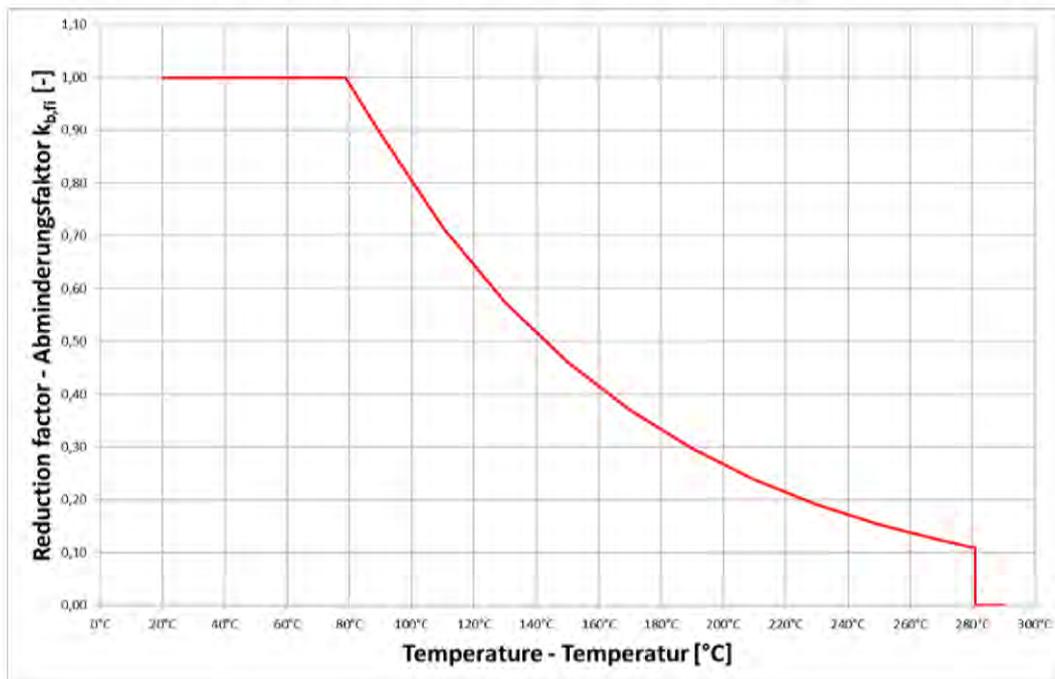
$f_{bd}$  Design values of the ultimate bond stress in cold state according to Annexes C1 to C3 depending on concrete strength class, size of rebar, drilling method and bond condition according to EN 1992-1-1

$\gamma_c$  safety factor according to EN 1992-1-1

$\gamma_{M,fi}$  safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2

For evidence under fire exposure the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1, Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent bond strength  $f_{b,fi}$ .

#### Example curve for the reduction factor $k_{b,fi}$ for concrete strength class C20/25, good bond conditions



Injection system SPIT VIPER XTREM / SPIT VIPER XTREM TR

#### Performance

Bond strength in case of fire for concrete C20/25 to C50/60

Annex C4